

11/03/00



1c946 U.S. PTO

11-06-00

A/22W

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Attorney Docket No. 2567.01US02

1c914 U.S. PTO
09/709789

APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

Box PATENT APPLICATION
 Assistant Commissioner for Patents
 Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Transmitted herewith for filing under 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b) is the patent application of
 INVENTOR(S): Reid Sellgren, Robert W. Verhey
 FOR: FOGLESS MIRROR FOR A BATHROOM SHOWER AND BATHTUB SURROUND

Enclosed are:

- ☒ Specification and Abstract - 24 pages.
- ☒ Drawings - 11 sheets (Figs. 1-13).
- ☐ Declaration for United States Patent Application.
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement.
- ☐ Assignment papers.
- ☒ Return Postcard.

The filing fee has been calculated as shown below:

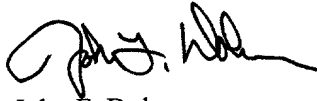
	No. Filed	No. Extra	Small Entity Rate	OR	Large Entity Rate
Basic Fee			\$355	OR	\$710
Total Claims	27 - 20	= 7	x 9 = \$63.00	OR	x 18 = \$
Independent Claims	3 - 3	= 0	x 40 = \$0.00	OR	x 80 = \$
Presence of Multiple Dependent Claim			+ 135	OR	+ 270
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09709789-110300

- [X] This application claims the benefit of U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/163,200 and U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/219,851, file July 21, 2000.

Respectfully submitted,



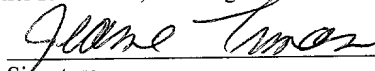
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FOGLESS MIRROR FOR A BATHROOM SHOWER AND BATHTUB SURROUND

CROSS-REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims priority to and incorporates by reference the entire contents of both, U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/163,200 filed November 3, 1999, and U.S. Provisional Application No. 60/219,851 filed July 21, 2000.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention relates to heated mirrors for the prevention of fogging in a high-humidity environment. More particularly, the present invention relates to a fogless heated mirror for incorporation into a shower surround, bathtub surround, whirlpool surround, sauna surround and any other similar surround that may be exposed to direct contact with water or a very high concentration of steam.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Ambient air includes a certain amount of water vapor amongst other gases. The amount of water vapor that ambient air can hold is dependent, in part, upon the temperature of the ambient air. Dew point is a measure of the temperature at which water vapor in ambient air will begin to fall out and condense upon a surface. In situations of high humidity such as a bathroom where a shower or other hot water sources are present, it is common for the dew point to be higher than the surface temperature of structures in the bathroom, such as the mirror. When the temperature of a mirror or other surface is below that of the dew point, water vapor from the ambient air will condense onto the surface of the mirror causing fogging.

One way to prevent condensation and fogging on a mirror is to maintain the surface of the mirror at a temperature higher than that of the dew point. This is most conveniently done by providing a source of heat to the mirror.

Heated mirrors have long existed in the art. Heated mirrors have fallen into two basic classifications. The first classification includes those mirrors that are heated by hot water drawn from the bathroom plumbing system. Heating a mirror by using hot water from the bathroom plumbing system has the obvious disadvantage in that the plumbing required might be complex and is subject to the risk of leaking.

The alternative approach is to heat the mirror by the use of electrical heating elements. Examples of such mirror, which utilize electrical heating elements, are described in the following prior art references: United States Patent No. 3,160,736 issued to Catterson, U.S. Patent No. 5,302,809 issued to Ghiassy, U.S. Patent No. 5,280,981 issued to Feldman et al., and U.S. Patent No. 5,408,069 issued to Mischel. All of the previously cited references disclose electric heating elements that are connected to an electrical source, which are secured to the backs of mirrors or wall behind the mirror for defogging them. However, all of these references fail to adequately protect the heating element and electrical connections from exposure to moisture or require additional materials used in combination with the element to uniformly heat the mirror surface.

Other prior art references disclose or suggest fogless mirrors, but do not provide a moisture resistant assembly for the protection of the heating element and electrical connections. For example, U.S. Patent No. 5,406,049 issued to Reiser et al., discloses a fog-resistant mirror assembly including a conductive coating within the mirror thereby providing a heating element.

Additionally, U.S. Patent Nos. 3,530,275 and 4,940,317 issued to Rust and Reuben, respectively, disclose resistant heating elements secured to mirrors per se. Furthermore, U.S. Patent No. 5,904,874 issued to Winter, discloses a resistance heating device that is incorporated as a plurality of layers in a bathroom mirror. Finally, U.S. Patent No. 5,911,896 reveals a thin film heater element that can be laminated between two glass ceramic panels.

It is noted that the prior art references cited above are not specifically designed to be used in an environment where direct exposure to flowing water may occur. The devices disclosed in the previously mentioned references fail to provide a heating element adequately sealed from outside moisture. Furthermore, the previously cited references do not disclose a heating element enclosed in a moisture insulation assembly that will not absorb moisture or deteriorate when in contact with moisture, but still possesses the capability of uniformly and controllably transferring heat to a mirror surface. In particular, none of the known prior art is designed specifically for use in a shower or bathtub surround.

In recent years, architectural trends have moved toward the development of larger, more comfortable, more luxurious bathrooms in residential construction. These architectural trends have been in response to changes in lifestyle in which bathrooms have often changed from purely utilitarian areas to areas of greater convenience and luxury. For example, bathrooms in new construction and remodeling now often incorporate hot tubs or whirlpool tubs as well as luxury shower facilities. Along with these changes has been a general trend toward increasing convenience items in bathroom facilities. Thus, it is now more desirable than in the past to be able to have a fog-free mirror incorporated into a luxury shower or tub surround to accommodate

such activities as shaving, hair coloring and other cosmetological activities. With this desire comes an increased concern for absolute electrical safety since the fog-free mirror may be exposed directly to water, more than a typical vanity mirror.

In addition, with the aging of the population, a mirror incorporated into the bathtub or shower surround presents enhanced convenience and also provides accommodations to certain types of disabilities. For example, persons with arthritis may find it much more comfortable to do fine motor tasks such as shaving in a warm moist environment. Therefore, the placement of a fog-free mirror in a shower or bathtub surround accommodates individuals with such conditions.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The fogless mirror of the present invention overcomes many of the above problems and fulfills most of the above desires by providing an electrically heated mirror that is extremely safe even in a very wet environment. Further, the mirror of the present invention accommodates use as a dedicated factory installation into a shower or tub surround as well as allowing for a fogless mirror to be retrofit to an existing shower or tub surround.

The fog-free mirror of the present invention generally includes an electrical heating element sealed into a multi-layered water resistant composite pad and operably connected to a special water-resistant electrical plug connector for connection of the mirror to an electrical power supply. The fog-free mirror is available in a low voltage configuration in a first embodiment as well as a second embodiment that operates on standard residential current. The

sealed heating element of the present invention is secured to the back of a standard back silvered mirror by a pressure-sensitive adhesive.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a perspective view of an embodiment of the fogless mirror incorporated into a bathroom shower surround.

Figure 2 is a schematic drawing of an embodiment of the fogless mirror showing the incorporated heating pad.

Figure 3 is an edge elevation of an embodiment of the mirror and heating pad assembly.

Figure 4 is a cross-sectional view of one embodiment of the heating pad assembly.

Figure 5 is a cross-sectional view of an alternate embodiment of the heating pad assembly.

Figure 6 is a cross-sectional view of an alternate embodiment of the heating pad assembly, which includes multiple bladders.

Figure 7 is a perspective back view of an embodiment of the fogless mirror.

Figure 8 is a cross-sectional view of an alternate embodiment of the heating pad assembly, which includes a bladder.

Figure 9 is a perspective view of an embodiment of the fogless mirror, which includes first and second electrical connectors.

Figure 10 is a perspective view of an embodiment of the fogless mirror, which includes a depiction of a female electrical connector.

Figure 12 is a perspective view of an additional embodiment of the fogless mirror.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The fog-free mirror 10 is generally secured to any type of shower or bathtub surround 12. Shower or bathtub surrounds 12 comprising tile, fiberglass, porcelain, or any other material utilized in such surrounds are easily adaptable to accommodate a fogless mirror 10.

The mirror 14 of the fogless mirror 10 may be of any type, but preferably includes a transparent substrate 20 and a reflective coating 22. In one embodiment the mirror 14 is a glass mirror with a back silvering wherein the dimensions are 12" by 10" by ¼". However, the shape and dimensions of the mirror can vary as desired. For example, mirror 14 may be generally rectangular, square, triangular, circular, oval, polygonal or irregular in shape.

According to one embodiment of the present invention as depicted in Figures 2, 4-6 and 8, the heater pad 16 is centered and adhered to the mirror with a pressure-sensitive adhesive (not shown). An example of such a pressure sensitive adhesive is 3M Scotch Hi Temperture Acrylic Adhesive produce by Minnesota Mining & Manufacturing Corporation. In such an embodiment,

the heater pad 16 may include a moisture resistant insulation assembly 26 with an enclosed resistance heating element 24 routed through the moisture insulation assembly 26.

The moisture insulation assembly 26 of one embodiment comprises two or four layers which include but not limited to one or more of the following materials: silicone, fiberglass, silicone composite materials, fiberglass composite materials, or other similar materials. For example in various embodiments of the present invention layers may comprise a silicone material with fiberglass strands impregnated within the silicone material. The strands of fiberglass provide strength and stability to overall material.

Figure 4 depicts an embodiment which includes four layers. The first two layers 28, 29 are inner layers positioned on either side of the heating element and are made of a silicone and fiberglass composite. The two layers 28, 29 are fused together thereby encapsulating the heating element 24 within and providing a uniform surface for transference of heat generated by the heating element 24. Each inner layer 28-29 is generally 5-25 mils thick, preferably about 15 mils thick. However, the size and composition of the heating element 24 and materials utilized in the inner layers 28, 29 will dictate the thickness needed to provide optimum function of the fogless mirror 10. The present embodiment also includes two outer layers 30, 31 made of a similar material as the inner layers 28, 29, such as pure silicone. The two outer layers 30, 31 of this embodiment are generally about 10-30 mils thick, preferably 20 mils thick and fused together over the inner layers 28, 29. Again, the thickness will vary depending upon the factors considered above.

Another embodiment of the present invention, as depicted in Figure 5, comprises only two outer layers 30, 31 and omits inner layers 28 and 29. The two outer layers 30, 31 of this embodiment may include, but are not limited to, silicone, fiberglass, silicone composite materials, fiberglass composite materials, or other similar materials and are generally fused together. A preferred embodiment may include the two outer layers 30, 31 comprising silicone or a silicone material impregnated with strands of fiberglass as described above. According to another embodiment, a thick film polymer may be used, made of etched-foil-type heating elements fused between layers of a polymeric material.

Referring to Figure 6, another embodiment of the present invention includes a moisture insulation assembly 26 comprising an inner moisture insulated bladder 32 and an outer insulated bladder 33. The inner insulated bladder 32 and outer insulated bladder 33 may be comprised of silicone, fiberglass, silicone composite materials, fiberglass composite materials, or other similar materials. A preferred embodiment may comprise an inner layer 32 that is made of a silicone/fiberglass composite and an outer layer 33 made of silicone. In another embodiment, both bladders 32 and 33 may be made of pure silicone. In either embodiment the inner insulated bladder 32 completely surrounds and encloses the heating element 24 aside from where electrical connection assembly 18 connects to the heating element 24. Outer insulated bladder 33 then entirely encapsulates inner insulated bladder 32 and its contents, again aside from where electrical connection assembly 18 connects to the heating element 24. It is noted that a junction box 34 of the electrical connection assembly 18, as depicted in Figure 7 may be a unitary portion of the outer insulated bladder 33. In an additional embodiment of the invention depicted in

Figure 8, inner insulated bladder 32 is omitted and outer insulated bladder 33 is utilized to encapsulate the heating element 24.

Some embodiments of the heating pad 16 can be designed to handle 6, 12, 24, 110/120, 220/240 or 127 volts and generate 1-100 watts. Other voltages and wattages are contemplated. In one embodiment the center of the pad 16 provides a connection point for the conductor wires 36 of a moisture-resistant electrical connection assembly 18, to be described. The connection point of the electrical connection assembly 18 preferably is molded-in, with a build-up of pure silicon or other water resistant material. As previously mentioned, the face of the pad 16 can have a pressure-sensitive adhesive with a clear protective and removable cover.

The fogless mirror 10 of the present invention also includes an electrical connection assembly 18 as depicted in Figures 2, 3 and 9-10. Water-resistant connectors are incorporated into the embodiments of the present invention, e.g. dual-keyway plugs, water resistant wiring and cable assemblies. The electrical connection assembly 18 depicted in Figures 2, 3 and 9-10, generally includes a junction box 34, conductor wires 36 and connectors 38. Junction box 34 is integrally sealed to inner layers 28, 29 and outer layers 30, 31 or to inner insulated bladder 32 and outer insulated bladder 33. Junction box 34 is further seals conductor wires 36. Junction box 34 and conductor wires 36 are entirely sealed to create a multi-layered water-tight seal along a sufficient length to remove any electrical current from exposure to moisture. Connectors 38 are connected at some length from junction box 34 to conductor wires 36. Connectors 38 preferably comprise a first connector 40 and a second connector 42. First connector 40 and second connector 42 are preferably configured so that when they are connected to one another a

water-tight seal is formed. First connector 40 and second connector 42 may comprise a female connector 43 with a mating male connector 45 or may comprise connectors (not shown) which are identical but mate to create a continuous electrical connection.

As previously mentioned embodiments of the electrical connection assembly 18 may include a male waterproof connector, which extends from the back of the unit and a male waterproof connector that extends from the power supply receptacle. Embodiments of the male and female plugs may be both manufactured of e.g. 2 or 3-18 AWG: PVC insulated, metallic braid, stranded copper conductors, e.g. yellow jacketed, 300v AWM 2661, 105° C, UL recognized. The UL component number, according to one embodiment, is UL #E152210. The approximate length of the female connector from the heater is about 2-36", according to one embodiment, and the approximate length of the male supplied cord may be up to 50' in length, for example. This product part may be substituted for by parts of equal or better construction.

Another embodiment of the present invention may include an electrical connection assembly 18 wherein the conductor wires 36 may be hard wired into the household electrical supply 44 directly. Figure 11 depicts an embodiment of the present invention which may be wired into the household electrical supply 44. The fogless mirror 10 depicted in figure 11 includes conductor wires 36, which are adjoined to the moisture insulation assembly 26 so as to not expose the electrical current from the conductor wires 36 or the heating element (not shown) to moisture. Embodiments of the present invention connected directly to the household electrical supply 44 may be connected, for on and off control, to the switch of a light, fan or any other electrical switch. Furthermore, embodiments of the present invention may utilize the faucet

controls of the shower or bathtub as an on/off switch to begin or terminate electricity flow to the heater pad 16.

The present invention also includes embodiments which require low-voltage for operation. To increase the safety factor associated with the invention, in keeping with UL standards, for example, embodiments of the invention provide 12 volts or 24 volts to the mirror instead of e.g. 110 volts or 220 volts. However, as previously suggested, embodiments of the invention may be direct-wired to, already installed, wiring connected to a transformer, battery, or other suitable device.

Figures 12 and 13 depict an embodiment of the present invention positioned in a shower surround 12 which is battery-powered. This embodiment includes a base 46, a flexible stem 48, and a mirror assembly 50. Of course, stem length, mirror size, base shape, base components and/or finish may vary, according to embodiments of the invention. The base 46 of this embodiment may be affixed to the shower surround 12 by any type of attaching means (not shown) such as adhesive, screws, clamps or other similar attaching devices. The base 46 is sized and shaped to accommodate a battery (not shown) within. The flexible stem 48 is configured shaped and sized to house the conductor wires 36. Finally the mirror assembly 50 includes a mirror 14, a housing 52 and a heater pad 16. The housing 52 supports the mirror 14 and the heater pad 16. The mirror 14 and heater pad 16 are similar to the mirror and heater pad described above, but are configured to fit within the housing 52. It is noted that the embodiment depicted in Figures 12 and 13 may be adapted to accommodate any electrical source including hard wiring such an embodiment to the household electrical supply 44.

Alternately, the fog-free mirror 10 may be configured so as to receive its electrical supply through a step down transformer. In transformer or battery operated embodiments of the invention, the heating element 24 may be configured for operation on six, twelve or twenty-four volts or any other convenient voltage level. Generally, fog-free mirror 10 will be constructed to produce 14-25 watts of heat, though heat output may be adjusted as appropriate for local conditions.

Regarding installation, various embodiments of the shower mirror assembly 19 are designed to be powered by an existing circuit, and turned on whenever a switch, such as the bathroom light or fan, is turned on. Additionally, installation may call for wiring the heater pad 16 to an appropriate AC or appropriate DC power supply, such as a 12- or 24-volt supply.

The fogless mirror 10 should be connected to the appropriate power supply (not shown) in accordance with all applicable safety, national and local electrical codes. All wiring between the mirror heater and the electrical switch junction boxes must be installed per the local and national electrical codes using a wiring system identified by the National Electrical Code.

The tools recommended for installation of embodiments of the present invention are as follows: Flashlight, 2 wire nuts, 1 low-voltage remodel junction box, utility knife, wire strippers, regular screwdriver, tape measure, drywall saw or router, electrical tape, mirror mastic, caulk, and pliers.

Before installing embodiments of the present invention in wall board or tile surround the following cautions and instructions should be followed:

1. Use caution with all electrical appliances.

2. Do not bend, alter, submerge in water, or use product for purposes other than described.
3. If doubts concerning the electrical connection arise, consult a qualified electrician.
4. Mirror 14 must be larger the heater pad 16.

To begin installation it is recommended that the height of the desired position of the fogless mirror 10 in the shower surround 12 be first measured and marked from the finished shower floor. Next, determination of whether the fogless mirror 10 will be installed horizontally or vertically in a wall of the shower surround 12 should be ascertained. The dimensions for installation should be adjusted accordingly for alternative fogless mirror 10 sizes and shapes.

Once the location of the height of the fogless mirror is determined, an 'X' should be marked on the stud where the top of the fogless mirror 10 will be installed, this location will be called the fogless mirror height. The next step is to measure the mark approximately 5" down from the fogless mirror height for horizontal placement and measure and mark approximately 6" down from the fogless mirror height when considering vertical placement. This height of such a mark will vary depending on the size and shape of the fogless mirror 10. The junction box 34 will be centered in the measured spot below the fogless mirror height and positioned directly behind the heater connectors 36 such that they can be stowed the wall of the shower surround. The location and dimensions of this spot should be recorded for later access to the electrical connection assembly 18. Next, be sure the power to the circuit to which the heater is to be connected is turned off at the disconnect means.

Following determination of the above described junction box position on the wall, an opening in the wall of the shower surround sufficient to accommodate the insertion of the

Once the proper opening has been created a power supply wire (not shown), such as a wire from a switched 12- or 24-volt power supply or from the house electrical supply, is operably connected to the electrical connection assembly 18. It is noted that the electrical specifications of the power supply should be checked to insure the wall switch is suitably rated for the combined maximum lighting load and load of heater type. This may be accomplished by performing the following calculation: add total maximum wattage of each lamp holder, divided by voltage and add to specific heater amperage. The total amperage must not exceed rating of wall switch (i.e. 15-amp switch).

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As mentioned previously, the fogless mirror shower assembly 11 operates to provide a fogless mirror 10 that is water resistant and will not fog over upon exposure to a high moisture area. In operation, the initiation of a power supply by turning on a switch or alternatively turning on a water faucet provides an electric current to the heating element. The heating element warms the moisture insulation material, which transmits heat to the mirror. As previously mentioned the moisture insulation material includes materials, which uniformly conducts and transfers heat to the surface of the mirror. The transfer of heat to the surface of the mirror provides for the temperature of the mirror to be higher than the dew point, thereby preventing the fogging of the mirror.

While the invention has been described with reference to specific embodiments, the description is intended to be illustrative and is not to be construed as limiting the scope of the invention. For example, various shapes, dimensions, materials and other features of the

invention can be changed or modified to suit a particular application and are not limited necessarily to those described herein. Various modifications and changes may occur to those skilled in the art without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention.

CLAIMS:

1. A fogless mirror shower assembly, comprising a shower surround including one or more fogless mirror assemblies; said fogless mirror assemblies comprising:
 - a mirror;
 - a heater pad adjoined to a back surface of the mirror, said heater pad including one or more heating elements and a moisture resistant insulation assembly; and
 - a water resistant electrical connection assembly including one or more moisture insulated conductor wires operably adjoined to the heating element and a power supply.
2. The fogless mirror shower assembly of claim 1, wherein said mirror comprises a transparent substrate and a reflective coating.
3. The fogless mirror shower assembly of claim 1, wherein said moisture resistant insulation assembly comprises two or more water resistant layers are fused together around the heating element to protect the heating element from moisture.
4. The fogless mirror shower assembly of claim 1, wherein the water resistant layers include a material selected from the group consisting of silicone, fiberglass, silicone composite materials, and fiberglass composite materials.

5. The fogless mirror shower assembly of claim 1, wherein the water resistant layers comprise a material of silicone impregnated with strands of fiberglass.
6. The fogless mirror shower assembly of claim 1, wherein said moisture resistant insulation assembly includes one or more bladders which substantially encloses said heater element.
7. The fogless mirror shower assembly of claim 1, wherein said moisture resistant insulation assembly includes an inner bladder and an outer bladder, said inner bladder substantially encloses the heating element heater and the outer bladder encloses both the inner bladder and the heating element.
8. The fogless mirror shower assembly of claim 1, wherein the electrical connection assembly includes a male connector and a female connector.
9. The fogless mirror shower assembly of claim 1, wherein the power supply is a supply selected from the group consisting of a transformer, a battery source or a household electrical supply.
10. The fogless mirror shower assembly of claim 1, wherein the power supply to the fogless mirror is initiated and terminated by a fan or light switch.

11. The fogless mirror shower assembly of claim 1, wherein the power supply to the fogless mirror is initiated and terminated by a water faucet.

12. A fog resistant mirror for use in a shower surround, comprising:

a mirror;

a heater pad adjoined to a back surface of the mirror, said heater pad including one or more heating elements and a moisture resistant insulation assembly; and

a water resistant electrical connection assembly including one or more moisture insulated conductor wires operably adjoined to the heating element and a power supply.

13. The fog resistant mirror as claimed in claim 12, wherein said mirror comprises a transparent substrate and a reflective coating.

14. The fog resistant mirror of claim 12, wherein said moisture resistant insulation assembly comprises two or more water resistant layers are fused together around the heating element to protect the heating element from moisture.

15. The fog resistant mirror of claim 12, wherein the water resistant layers include a material selected from the group consisting of silicone, fiberglass, silicone composite materials, and fiberglass composite materials.

16. The fog resistant mirror of claim 12, wherein the water resistant layers comprise a material of silicone impregnated with strands of fiberglass.
17. The fog resistant mirror of claim 12, wherein said moisture resistant insulation assembly includes one or more bladders which substantially encloses said heater element.
18. The fog resistant mirror of claim 12, wherein said moisture resistant insulation assembly includes an inner bladder and an outer bladder, said inner bladder substantially encloses the heating element heater and the outer bladder encloses both the inner bladder and the heating element.
19. The fog resistant mirror of claim 12, wherein the electrical connection assembly includes a male connector and a female connector.
20. The fogless mirror shower surround of claim 12, wherein the power supply is a supply selected from the group consisting of a transformer, a battery source or a household electrical supply.
21. The fogless mirror shower surround of claim 12, wherein the power supply to the fogless mirror is initiated and terminated by a fan or light switch.

22. The fogless mirror shower surround of claim 12, wherein the power supply to the fogless mirror is initiated and terminated by a water faucet.

23. A method of installing a fogless mirror in a shower surround comprising:
measuring and marking a spot for installation of the fogless mirror on a wall of the shower surround;

creating an opening in the wall of the shower surround of a size sufficient to accommodate a portion of or the entire fogless mirror;

connecting the fogless mirror to a power supply;

securing the fogless mirror to the wall of the shower surround; and

sealing the fogless mirror in relation to the wall of the shower surround to provide additional protection from undesired moisture.

24. The method of installing a fogless mirror of claim 23, wherein the fogless mirror comprises:

a mirror;

a heater pad adjoined to a back surface of the mirror, said heater pad including one or more heating elements and a moisture resistant insulation assembly; and

a water resistant electrical connection assembly including one or more moisture insulated conductor wires operably adjoined to the heating element and a power supply.

25. The method of installing a fogless mirror of claim 23, wherein the power supply is a supply selected from the group consisting of a transformer, a battery source or a household electrical supply.

26. The method of installing a fogless mirror of claim 23, wherein the power supply to the fogless mirror is initiated and terminated by a fan or light switch.

27. The method of installing a fogless mirror of claim 23, wherein the power supply to the fogless mirror is initiated and terminated by a water faucet.

ABSTRACT

The present invention relates to heated mirrors for the prevention of fogging in a high-humidity environment. More particularly, the present invention relates to a fogless heated mirror for incorporation into a shower surround, bathtub surround, whirlpool surround, sauna surround and any other similar surround that may be exposed to direct contact with water or a very high concentration of steam. The fog-free mirror 10 of the present invention for incorporation into a shower or tub surround 12 generally includes a mirror 14, a heater pad 16, and an electrical connection assembly 18.

1994-1995		1995-1996		1996-1997		1997-1998		1998-1999		1999-2000		2000-2001		2001-2002		2002-2003		2003-2004		2004-2005		2005-2006		2006-2007		2007-2008		2008-2009		2009-2010		2010-2011		2011-2012		2012-2013		2013-2014		2014-2015		2015-2016		2016-2017		2017-2018		2018-2019		2019-2020		2020-2021		2021-2022		2022-2023		2023-2024		2024-2025		2025-2026		2026-2027		2027-2028		2028-2029		2029-2030		2030-2031		2031-2032		2032-2033		2033-2034		2034-2035		2035-2036		2036-2037		2037-2038		2038-2039		2039-2040		2040-2041		2041-2042		2042-2043		2043-2044		2044-2045		2045-2046		2046-2047		2047-2048		2048-2049		2049-2050		2050-2051		2051-2052		2052-2053		2053-2054		2054-2055		2055-2056		2056-2057		2057-2058		2058-2059		2059-2060		2060-2061		2061-2062		2062-2063		2063-2064		2064-2065		2065-2066		2066-2067		2067-2068		2068-2069		2069-2070		2070-2071		2071-2072		2072-2073		2073-2074		2074-2075		2075-2076		2076-2077		2077-2078		2078-2079		2079-2080		2080-2081		2081-2082		2082-2083		2083-2084		2084-2085		2085-2086		2086-2087		2087-2088		2088-2089		2089-2090		2090-2091		2091-2092		2092-2093		2093-2094		2094-2095		2095-2096		2096-2097		2097-2098		2098-2099		2099-2100		2100-2101		2101-2102		2102-2103		2103-2104		2104-2105		2105-2106		2106-2107		2107-2108		2108-2109		2109-2110		2110-2111		2111-2112		2112-2113		2113-2114		2114-2115		2115-2116		2116-2117		2117-2118		2118-2119		2119-2120		2120-2121		2121-2122		2122-2123		2123-2124		2124-2125		2125-2126		2126-2127		2127-2128		2128-2129		2129-2130		2130-2131		2131-2132		2132-2133		2133-2134		2134-2135		2135-2136		2136-2137		2137-2138		2138-2139		2139-2140		2140-2141		2141-2142		2142-2143		2143-2144		2144-2145		2145-2146		2146-2147		2147-2148		2148-2149		2149-2150		2150-2151		2151-2152		2152-2153		2153-2154		2154-2155		2155-2156		2156-2157		2157-2158		2158-2159		2159-2160		2160-2161		2161-2162		2162-2163		2163-2164		2164-2165		2165-2166		2166-2167		2167-2168		2168-2169		2169-2170		2170-2171		2171-2172		2172-2173		2173-2174		2174-2175		2175-2176		2176-2177		2177-2178		2178-2179		2179-2180		2180-2181		2181-2182		2182-2183		2183-2184		2184-2185		2185-2186		2186-2187		2187-2188		2188-2189		2189-2190		2190-2191		2191-2192		2192-2193		2193-2194		2194-2195		2195-2196		2196-2197		2197-2198		2198-2199		2199-2200		2200-2201		2201-2202		2202-2203		2203-2204		2204-2205		2205-2206		2206-2207		2207-2208		2208-2209		2209-2210		2210-2211		2211-2212		2212-2213		2213-2214		2214-2215		2215-2216		2216-2217		2217-2218		2218-2219		2219-2220		2220-2221	
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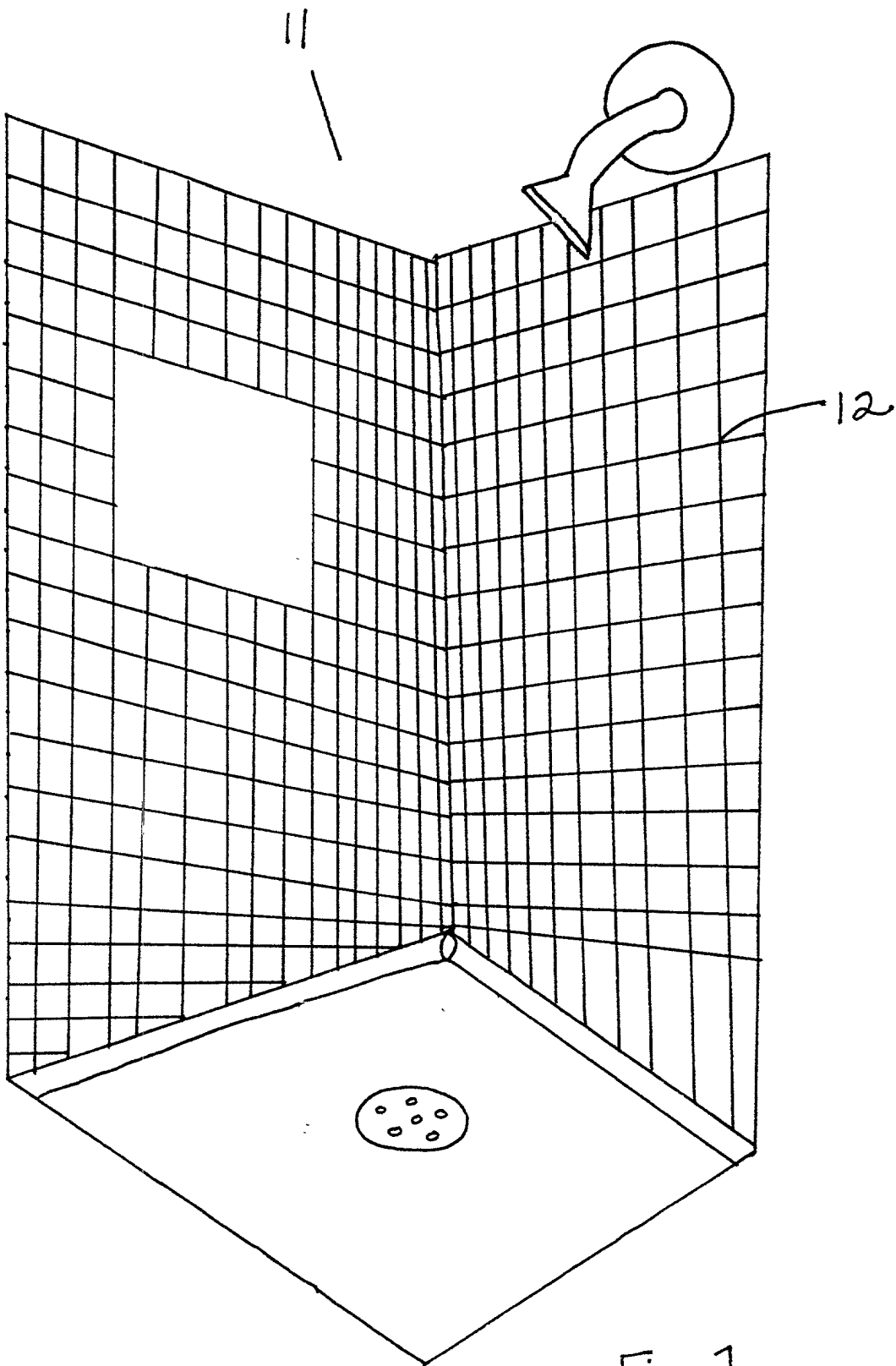
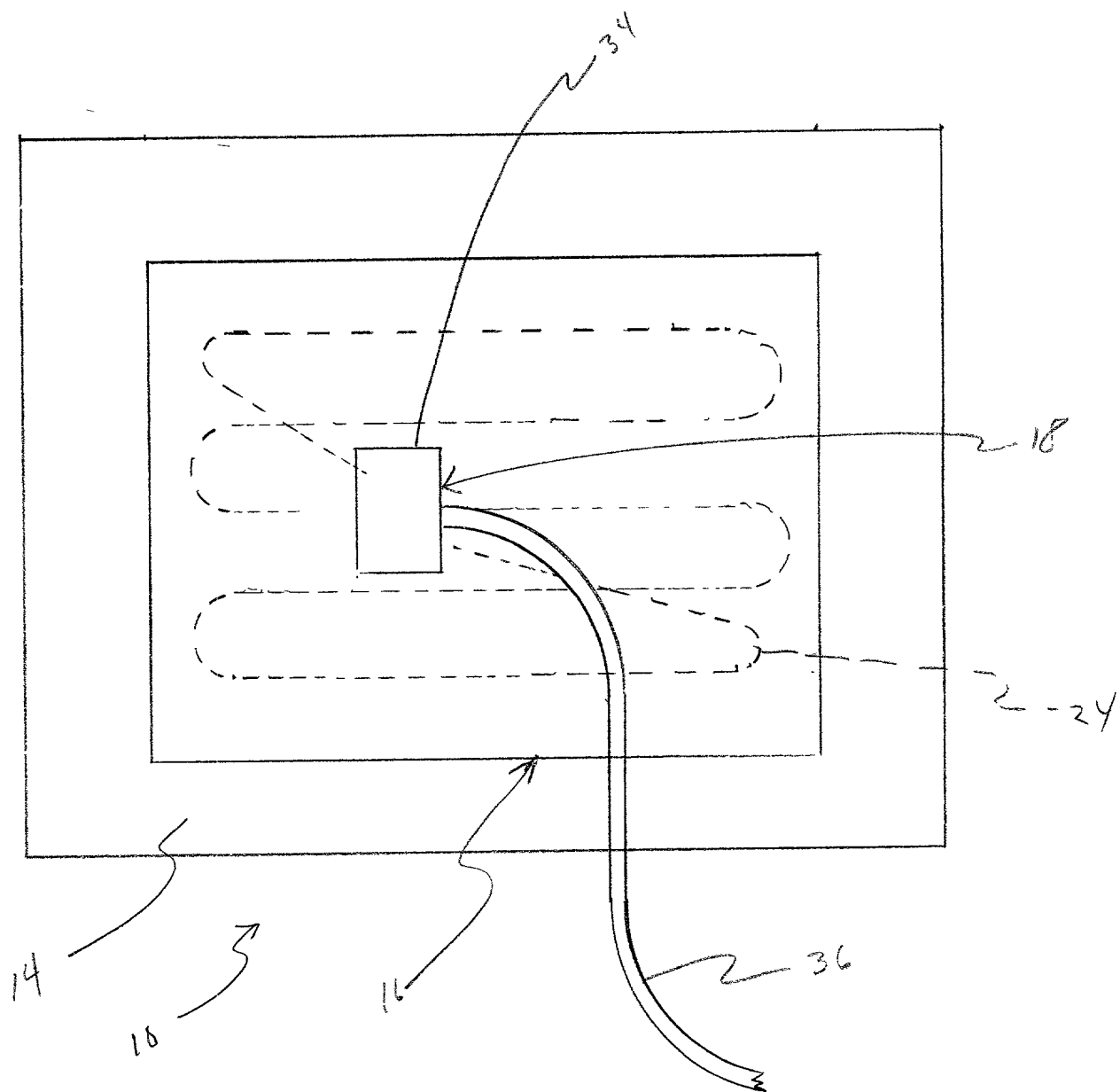
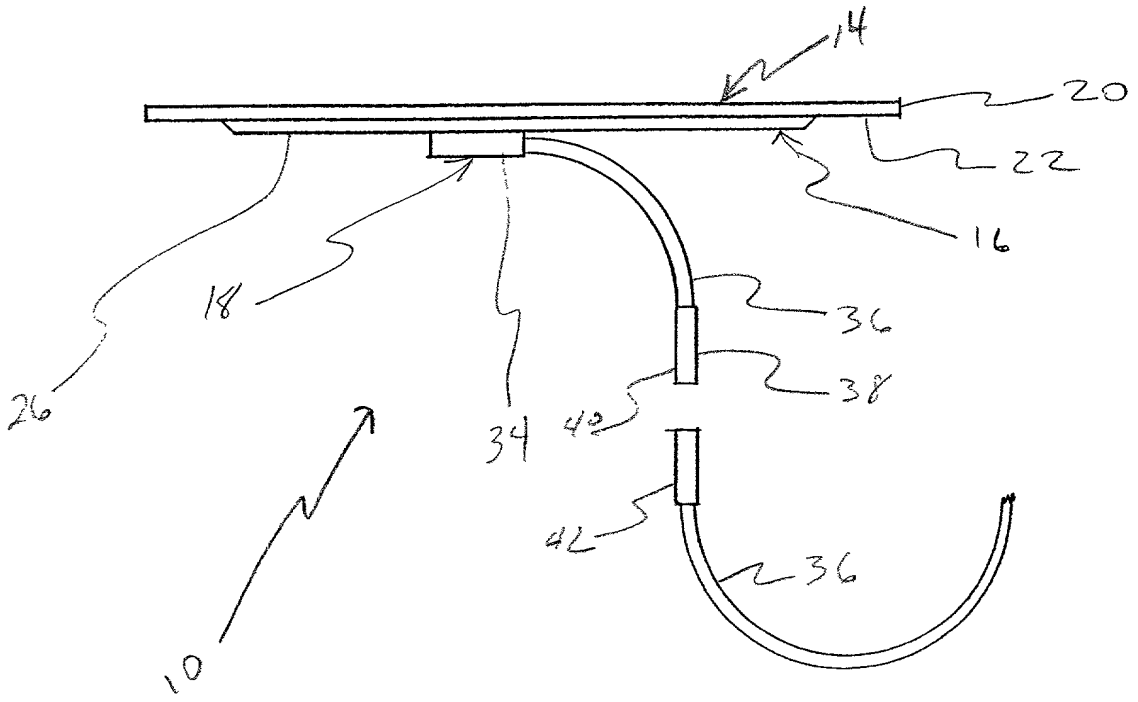


Fig. 1

[illegible]

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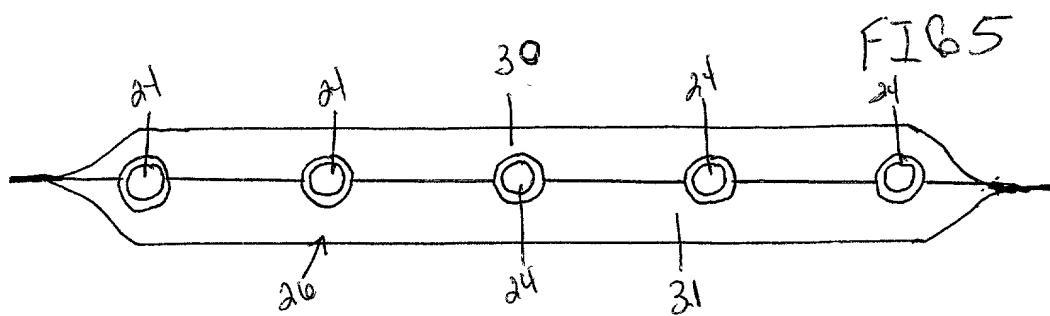
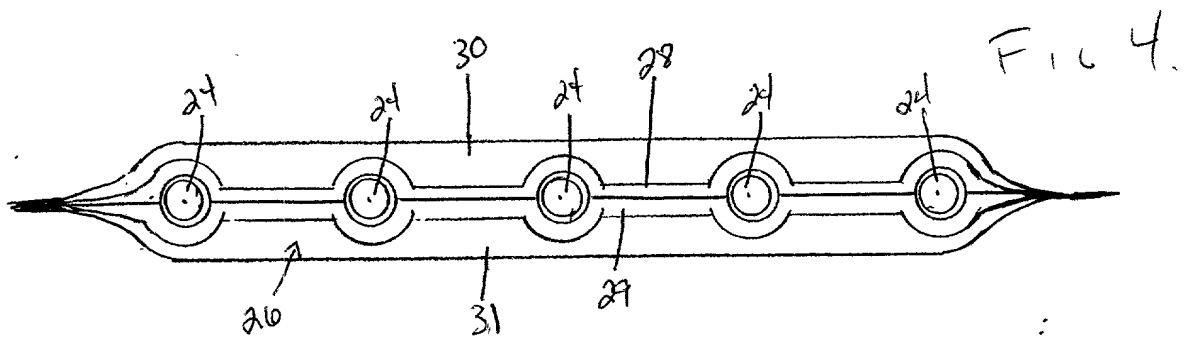
[illegible]

FIG 6

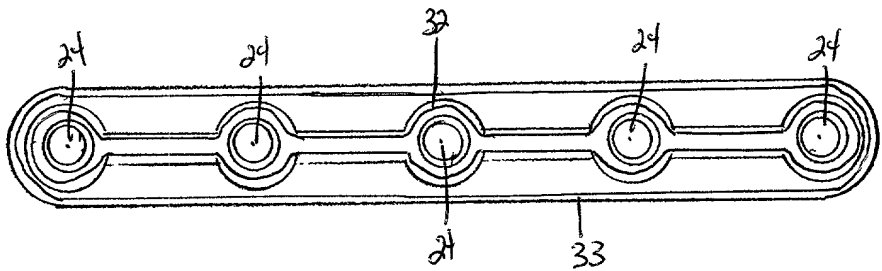
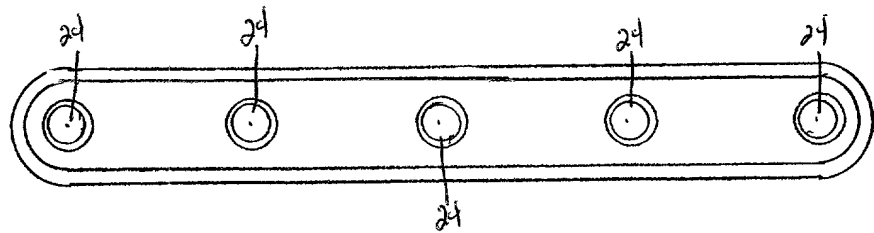


FIG 8



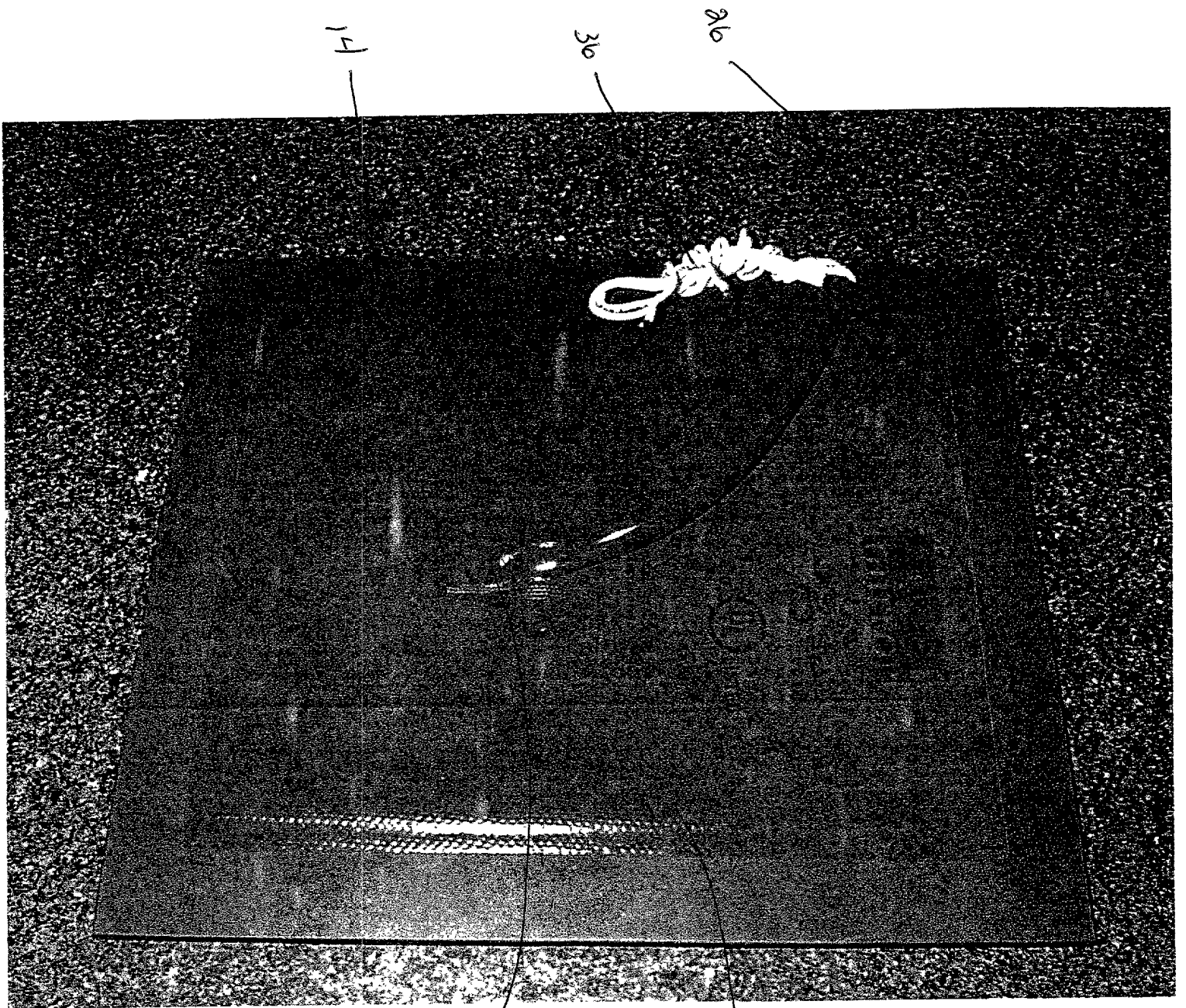


FIG 7

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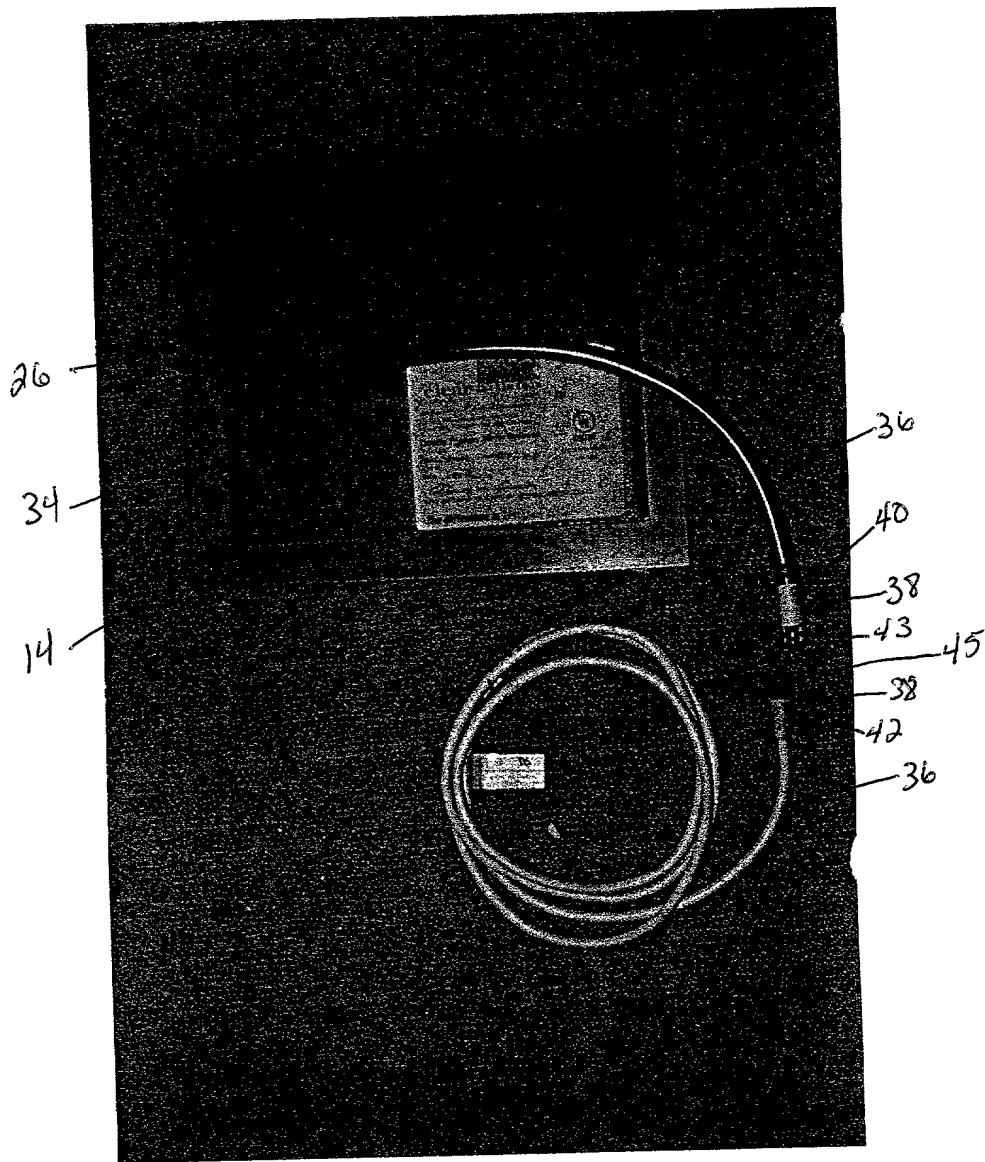


FIG 9

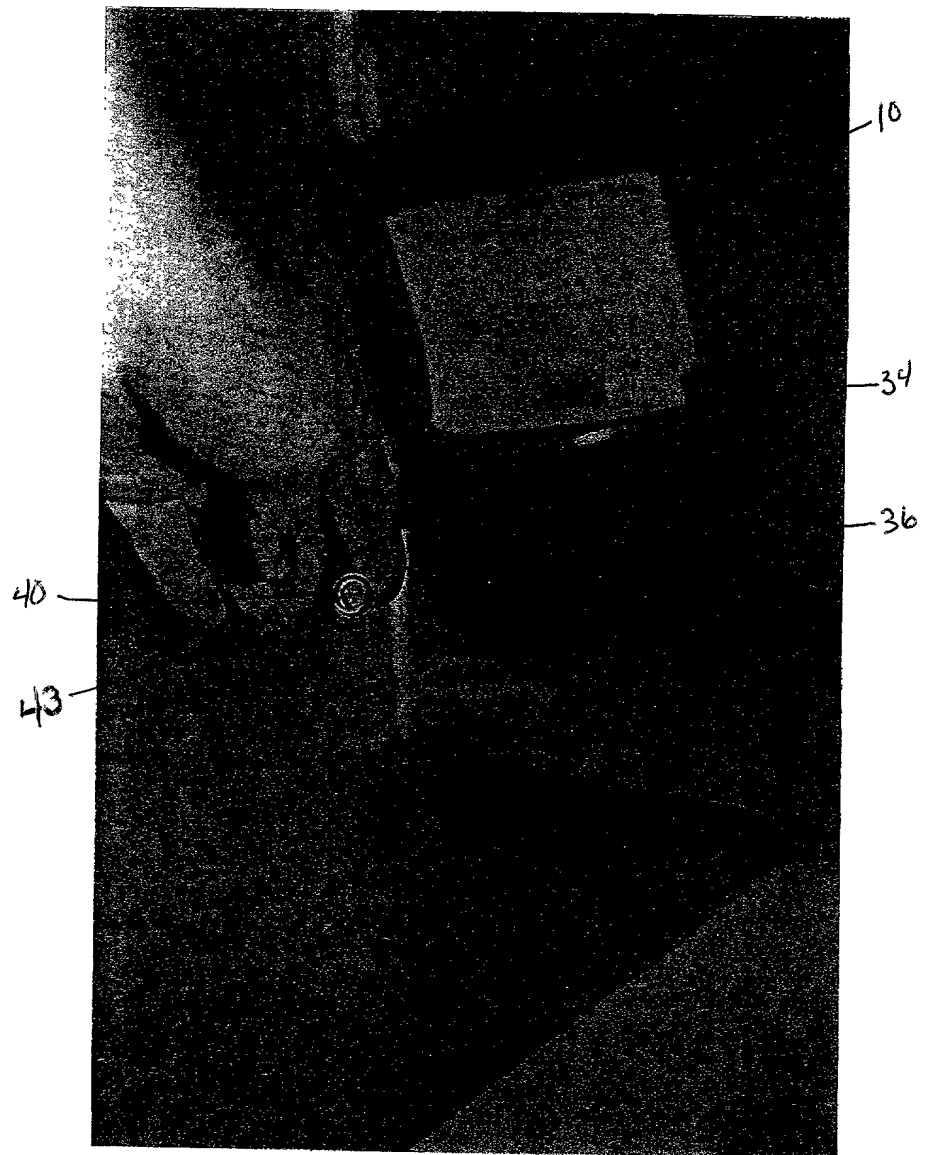
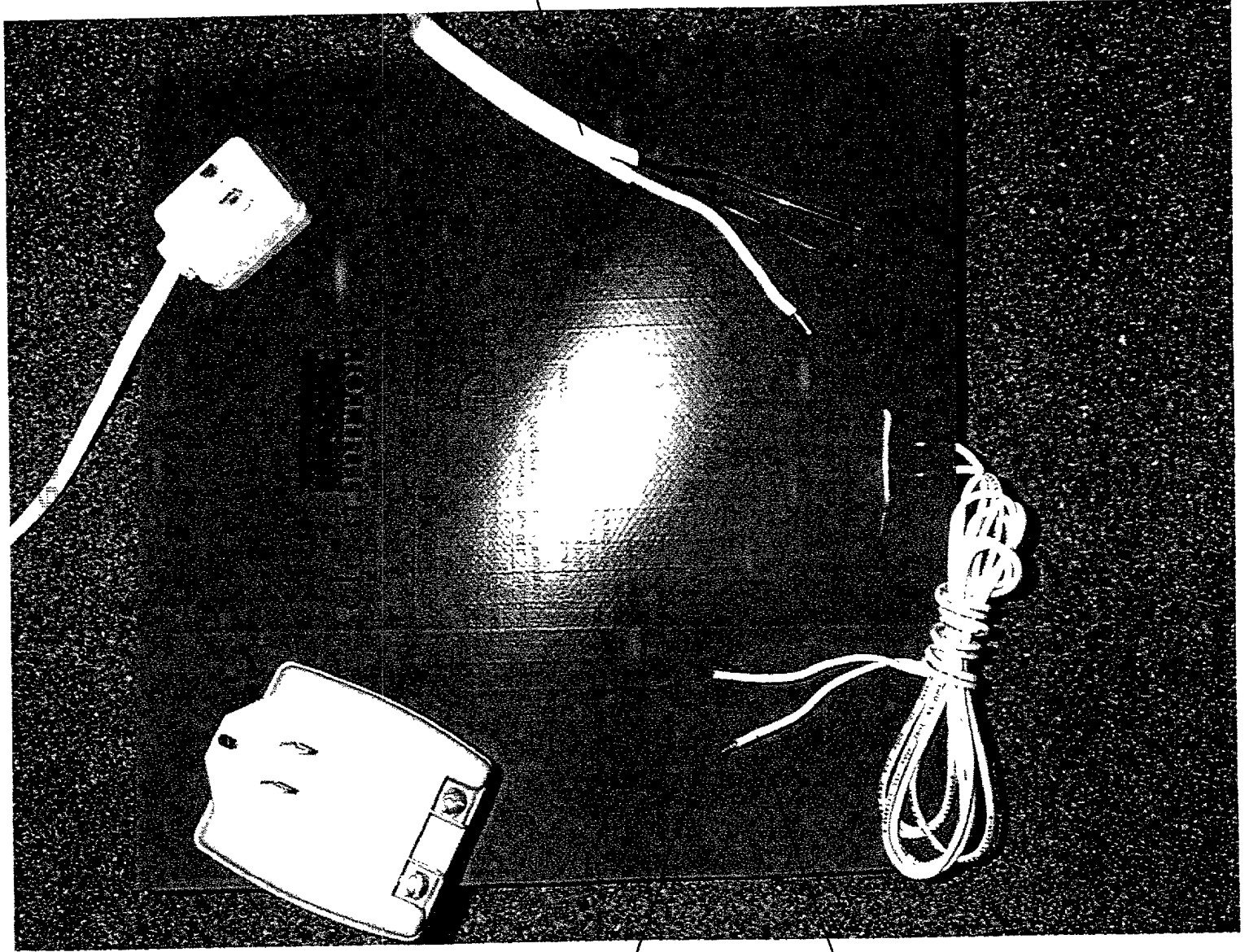
[illegible]

FIG 10

FIG 11



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FIG 12

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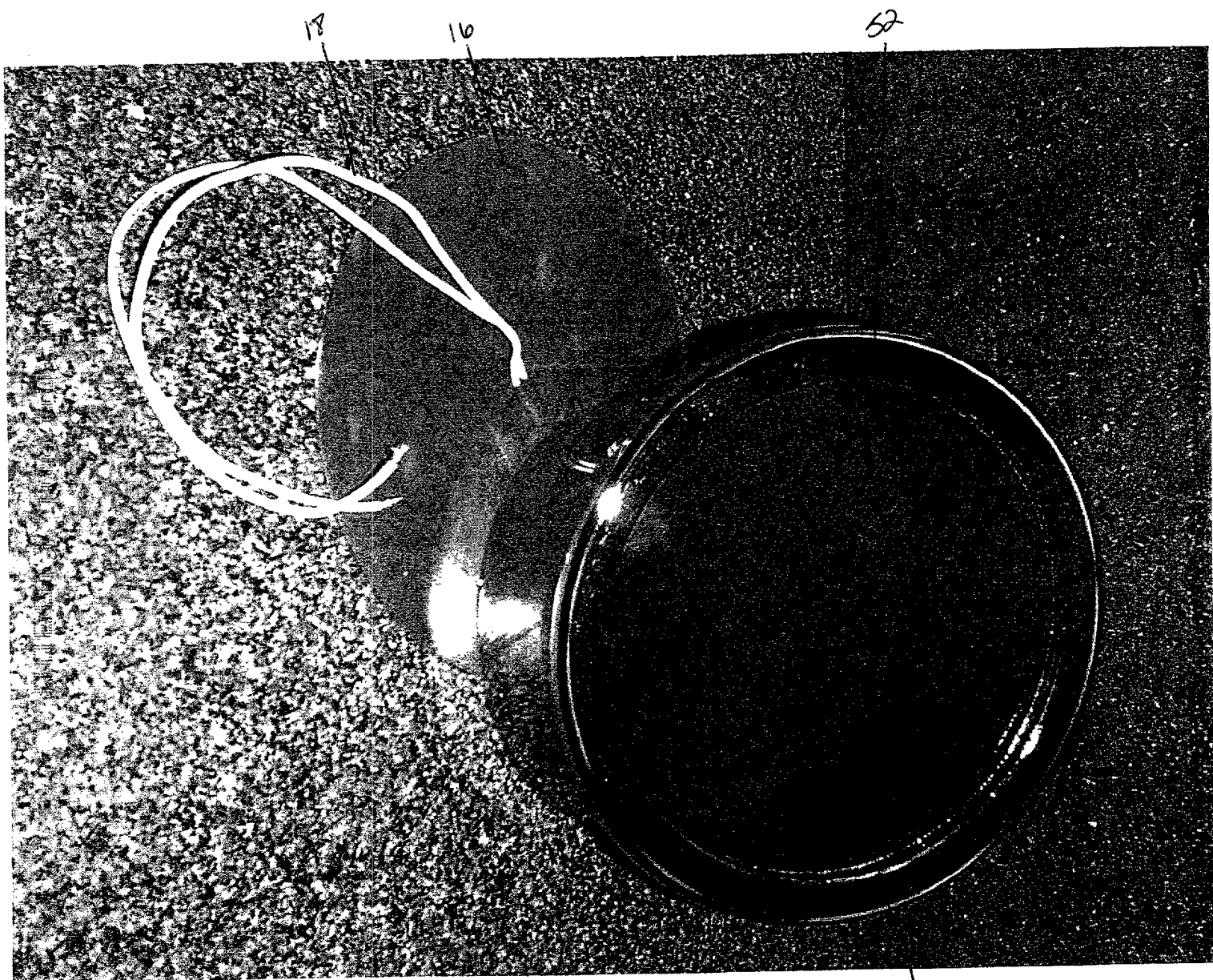
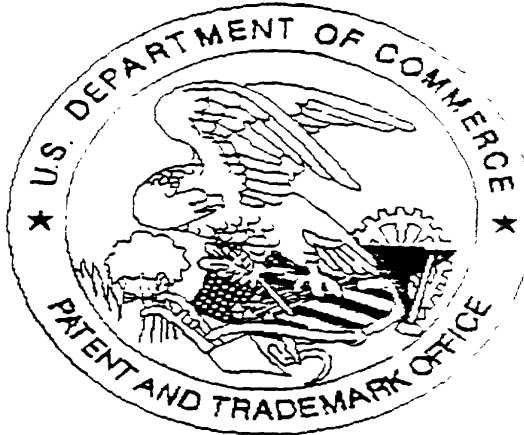


FIG 13

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